

A Pocket Style Manual

Sixth Edition

APA Version

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Documenting Sources in APA Style

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The APA system for documenting sources is set forth in the *Publication Manual of the American Psychological Association*, 6th ed. (Washington, DC: APA, 2010).

13 APA in-text citations

APA's in-text citations provide the author's last name and the year of publication, usually before the cited material, and a page number in parentheses directly after the cited material. In the following models, the elements of the in-text citation are highlighted.

NOTE: Use the past tense or the present perfect tense in signal phrases introducing cited material: *Smith (2005) reported, Smith (2005) has argued.* (See also p. 34.)

■ **1. A quotation** Ordinarily, introduce the quotation with a signal phrase that includes the author's last name followed by the year of publication in parentheses. Put the page number preceded by "p." (or "pp." for more than one page) in parentheses after the quotation.

Critser (2003) noted that many health care providers still "remain either in ignorance or outright denial about the health danger to the poor and the young" (p. 5).

PRACTICE hackerhandbooks.com/pocketapa

> APA > 13-1 to 13-3

If the author is not named in the signal phrase, place the author's name, the year, and the page number in parentheses after the quotation: (Critser, 2003, p. 5). (See item 13 on p. 105 for citing electronic sources that lack authors, dates, or page numbers.)

NOTE: Do not include a month, even if the entry in the reference list includes the month.

■ **2. A summary or a paraphrase** As for a quotation (item 1), include the author's last name and the year of publication in a signal phrase introducing the material or in parentheses following it. Use a page number, if one is available, following the cited material to help readers find the passage in the work. For electronic sources without page numbers, see "No page numbers" in item 13 on page 105.

Yanovski and Yanovski (2002) explained that sibutramine suppresses appetite by blocking the reuptake of the neurotransmitters serotonin and norepinephrine in the brain (p. 594).

Sibutramine suppresses appetite by blocking the reuptake of the neurotransmitters serotonin and norepinephrine in the brain (Yanovski & Yanovski, 2002, p. 594).

■ **3. Two authors** Name both authors in the signal phrase or in parentheses each time you cite the work. In the parentheses, use "&" between the authors' names; in the signal phrase, use "and."

According to Sothorn and Gordon (2003), "Environmental factors may contribute as much as 80% to the causes of childhood obesity" (p. 104).

Obese children often engage in limited physical activity (Sothorn & Gordon, 2003, p. 104).

■ **4. Three to five authors** Identify all authors in the signal phrase or in parentheses the first time you cite the source.

In 2003, Berkowitz, Wadden, Tershakovec, and Cronquist concluded that sibutramine "must be carefully monitored . . . to control increases in [blood pressure] and pulse rate" (p. 1811).

In subsequent citations, use the first author's name followed by "et al." (Latin for "and others") in either the signal phrase or the parentheses.

As Berkowitz et al. (2003) advised, “Until more extensive safety and efficacy data are available, . . . weight-loss medications should be used only on an experimental basis for adolescents” (p. 1811).

■ **5. Six or more authors** Use the first author’s name followed by “et al.” in the signal phrase or in parentheses.

McDuffie et al. (2002) tested 20 adolescents, aged 12-16, over a three-month period and found that orlistat, combined with behavioral therapy, produced an average weight loss of 4.4 kg, or 9.7 pounds (p. 646).

■ **6. Unknown author** If the author is unknown, mention the work’s title in the signal phrase or give the first word or two of the title in the parenthetical citation. Titles of short works such as articles and chapters are put in quotation marks; titles of long works such as books and reports are italicized.

Children struggling to control their weight must also struggle with the pressures of television advertising that, on the one hand, encourages the consumption of junk food and, on the other, celebrates thin celebrities (“Television,” 2002).

NOTE: In the rare case when “Anonymous” is specified as the author, treat it as if it were a real name: (Anonymous, 2009). In the list of references, also use the name Anonymous as author.

■ **7. Organization as author** If the author is a government agency or another organization, name the organization in the signal phrase or in the parenthetical citation the first time you cite the source.

Obesity puts children at risk for a number of medical complications, including Type 2 diabetes, hypertension, sleep apnea, and orthopedic problems (Henry J. Kaiser Family Foundation, 2004, p. 1).

If the organization has a familiar abbreviation, you may include it in brackets the first time you cite the source and use the abbreviation alone in later citations.

FIRST CITATION (National Institute of Mental Health [NIMH], 2010)

LATER CITATIONS (NIMH, 2010)

■ **8. Authors with the same last name** To avoid confusion, use initials with the last names if your reference list includes two or more authors with the same last name.

Research by E. Smith (1989) revealed that. . . .

■ **9. Two or more works by the same author in the same year** When your list of references includes more than one work by the same author in the same year, use lowercase letters (“a,” “b,” and so on) with the year to order the entries in the reference list. (See item 7 on p. 110.) Use those same letters with the year in the in-text citation.

Research by Durgin (2003b) has yielded new findings about the role of counseling in treating childhood obesity.

■ **10. Two or more works in the same parentheses** When your parenthetical citation names two or more works, put them in the same order that they appear in the reference list, separated with semicolons.

Researchers have indicated that studies of pharmacological treatments for childhood obesity are inconclusive (Berkowitz et al., 2003; McDuffie et al., 2002).

■ **11. Multiple citations to the same work in one paragraph** If you give the author’s name in the text of your paper (not in parentheses) and you mention that source again in the text of the same paragraph, give only the author’s name, not the date, in the later citation. If any subsequent reference in the same paragraph is parenthetical, you must include both the author and the date in the parentheses.

Principal Jean Patrice said, “You have to be able to reach students where they are instead of making them come to you. If you don’t, you’ll lose them” (personal communication, April 10, 2006). Patrice expressed her desire to see all students get something out of their educational experience. This feeling is common among members of Waverly’s faculty. With such a positive view of student potential, it is no wonder that 97% of Waverly High School graduates go on to a four-year university (Patrice, 2006).

■ **12. Personal communication** Cite interviews, memos, letters, e-mail, and similar unpublished person-to-person communications in the text only, not in the reference list.

One of Atkinson's colleagues, who has studied the effect of the media on children's eating habits, has contended that advertisers for snack foods will need to design ads responsibly for their younger viewers (F. Johnson, personal communication, October 20, 2004).

■ **13. Electronic source** Cite electronic sources, including online sources, as you would any other sources, giving the author and the year when they are available.

Atkinson (2001) found that children who spent at least four hours a day watching TV were less likely to engage in adequate physical activity during the week.

Electronic sources may lack page numbers, authors' names, or dates. Here are APA's guidelines for handling sources without these details.

Unknown author

If no author is named in the source, mention the title of the source in a signal phrase or give the first word or two of the title in parentheses (see also item 6). (If an organization serves as the author, see item 7.)

The body's basal metabolic rate, or BMR, is a measure of its at-rest energy requirement ("Exercise," 2003).

Unknown date

When the date is unknown, use the abbreviation "n.d." (for "no date").

Attempts to establish a definitive link between television programming and children's eating habits have been problematic (Magnus, n.d.).

No page numbers

APA ordinarily requires page numbers for cited material. When an electronic source lacks stable numbered pages, include paragraph numbers or headings to help readers locate the passage being cited.

If the source has numbered paragraphs, use the paragraph number preceded by the abbreviation "para.": (Hall, 2009, para. 5). If the source has no numbered paragraphs but contains headings, cite the appropriate heading in parentheses; you may also indicate which paragraph under that heading you are referring to.

Hoppin and Taveras (2004) pointed out that several other medications were classified by the Drug Enforcement Administration as having the “potential for abuse” (Weight-Loss Drugs section, para. 6).

NOTE: For PDF documents that have stable page numbers, give the page number in the parenthetical citation.

■ 14. Indirect source (source quoted in another source)

If you use a source that was cited in another source (a secondary source), name the original source in your signal phrase. List the secondary source in your reference list and include it in your parenthetical citation, preceded by the words “as cited in.” In the following example, Satcher is the original source; Critser is the secondary source, given in the reference list.

Former surgeon general Dr. David Satcher described “a nation of young people seriously at risk of starting out obese and dooming themselves to the difficult task of overcoming a tough illness” (as cited in Critser, 2003, p. 4).

NOTE: It may be helpful to include the original date of publication in your citation as well: (2001, as cited in Critser, 2003, p. 4).

14 APA reference list

In APA style, the alphabetical list of works cited, which appears at the end of the paper, is titled “References.” For advice on preparing the list, see 11b. For sample reference lists, see pages 57, 75, and 85.

Alphabetize entries in the list of references by authors’ last names; if a work has no author, alphabetize it by its title. The first element of each entry is important because citations in the text of the paper refer to it and readers will be looking for it in the alphabetized list. The date of publication appears immediately after the first element of the citation.

In APA references, titles of books, periodicals, and other long works are italicized; titles of articles and other short works are neither italicized nor put in quotation marks. (For rules on capitalization of titles, see p. 51.)

Directory to APA reference list models

14a GENERAL GUIDELINES FOR LISTING AUTHORS (PRINT AND ONLINE)

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14a General guidelines for listing authors (print and online)

In APA style, all authors' names are inverted (the last name comes first), and initials are used for all first and middle names.

NAME AND YEAR CITED IN TEXT

Duncan (2008) has reported that. . . .

BEGINNING OF ENTRY IN THE LIST OF REFERENCES

Duncan, B. (2008).

■ 1. Single author

author: last name

+ initial(s)

year

title (book)

Egeland, J. (2008). *A billion lives: An eyewitness report from the*

frontlines of humanity. New York, NY: Simon & Schuster.

■ **2. Two to seven authors** List up to seven authors by last names followed by initials. Use an ampersand (&) before the name of the last author.

all authors:
last name + initial(s) year title (book)

Musick, M. A., & Wilson, J. (2007). *Volunteers: A social profile*.
place of publication publisher

Bloomington: Indiana University Press.

all authors:
last name + initial(s)

Diessner, R., Solom, R. C., Frost, N. K., Parsons, L., & Davidson, J.
year title (article)

(2008). Engagement with beauty: Appreciating natural,
journal title
artistic, and moral beauty. *The Journal of Psychology*,
volume page(s)

142, 303-329.

■ **3. Eight or more authors** List the first six authors followed by three ellipsis dots and the last author's name.

Mulvaney, S. A., Mudasiru, E., Schlundt, D. G., Baughman, C. L.,
Fleming, M., VanderWoude, A., . . . Rothman, R. (2008).
Self-management in Type 2 diabetes: The adolescent
perspective. *The Diabetes Educator*, 34, 118-127.

■ **4. Organization as author**

author:
organization name year title (book)

American Psychiatric Association. (1994). *Diagnostic and statistical
edition number place
manual of mental disorders* (4th ed.). Washington, DC:
organization as author
and publisher

Author.

If the publisher is not the same as the author, give the publisher's name at the end as you would for any other source.

■ **5. Unknown author** Begin the entry with the work's title.

title (book) year place of publication publisher

New concise world atlas. (2007). New York, NY: Oxford University
Press.

■ **6. Two or more works by the same author** Use the author's name for all entries. List the entries by year, the earliest first.

Barry, P. (2007, December 8). Putting tumors on pause. *Science News*, 172, 365.

Barry, P. (2008, August 2). Finding the golden genes. *Science News*, 174, 16-21.

■ **7. Two or more works by the same author in the same year** List the works alphabetically by title. In the parentheses, following the year add "a," "b," and so on. Use these same letters when giving the year in the in-text citation. (See also p. 104.)

Elkind, D. (2008a, Spring). Can we play? *Greater Good*, 4(4), 14-17.

Elkind, D. (2008b, June 27). The price of hurrying children [Web log post]. Retrieved from <http://blogs.psychologytoday.com/blog/digital-children>

14b Articles in periodicals (print)

Periodicals include journals, magazines, and newspapers. For a journal or a magazine, give only the volume number if the publication is paginated continuously throughout each volume; give the volume and issue numbers if each issue of the volume begins on page 1. Italicize the volume number and put the issue number, not italicized, in parentheses.

For all periodicals, when an article appears on consecutive pages, provide the range of pages. When an article does not appear on consecutive pages, list all pages on which the article appears: A1, A17.

Some print articles include a DOI (digital object identifier), often on the first page of the article. For such an article, give the DOI at the end of the reference list entry, following the print publication information. See item 8.

For an illustrated citation of an article in a print journal or magazine, see page 111.

■ **8. Article in a journal paginated by volume**

Holtug, N. (2010). Immigration and the politics of social cohesion. *Ethnicities*, 10, 435-451. doi:10.1177/1468796810378320

Citation at a glance

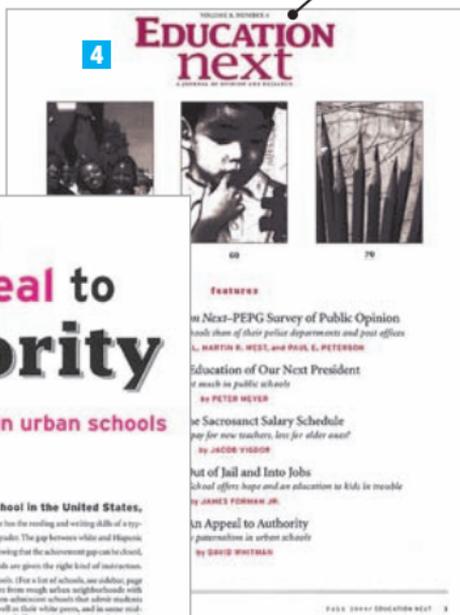
Article in a journal or magazine (APA)

To cite an article in a print journal or magazine in APA style, include the following elements:

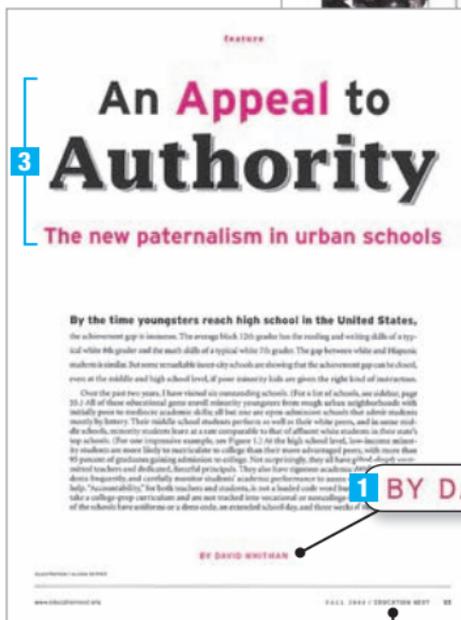
- 1 Author
- 2 Year of publication for journal; complete date for magazine
- 3 Title and subtitle of article
- 4 Name of journal or magazine
- 5 Volume number; issue number, if required (see p. 110)
- 6 Page number(s) of article
- 7 DOI (digital object identifier), if there is one

5 VOLUME 8, NUMBER 4

JOURNAL CONTENTS PAGE



FIRST PAGE OF ARTICLE



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REFERENCE LIST ENTRY FOR AN ARTICLE IN A PRINT JOURNAL OR MAGAZINE

Whitman, D. (2008). An appeal to authority: The new paternalism in urban schools. *Education Next*, 8(4), 53-58.

For variations on citing articles in print journals or magazines in APA style, see pages 110 and 112.

■ 9. Article in a journal paginated by issue

Black, J. (2010). Big government: Good and bad. *The New Criterion*, 28(5), 24-27.

■ 10. Article in a magazine Give the year and the month for monthly magazines; add the day for weekly magazines.

McKibben, B. (2007, October). Carbon's new math. *National Geographic*, 212(4), 32-37.

■ 11. Article in a newspaper Use "p." (or "pp." for more than one page) before page numbers.

Svoboda, E. (2008, October 21). Deep in the rain forest, stalking the next pandemic. *The New York Times*, p. D5.

■ 12. Letter to the editor

Park, T. (2008, August). Defining the line [Letter to the editor]. *Scientific American*, 299(2), 10.

■ 13. Editorial or other unsigned article

The global justice movement [Editorial]. (2005). *Multinational Monitor*, 26(7/8), 6.

■ 14. Review If the review has no author or title, use the material in brackets as the title.

Applebaum, A. (2008, February 14). A movie that matters [Review of the motion picture *Katyn*, 2007]. *The New York Review of Books*, 55(2), 13-15.

Agents of change. (2008, February 2). [Review of the book *The power of unreasonable people: How social entrepreneurs create markets that change the world*, by J. Elkington & P. Hartigan]. *The Economist*, 386(8565), 94.

14c Books (print)

Give the city and the state (abbreviated) for all U.S. cities or the city and the country (not abbreviated) for all non-U.S. cities; also include the province (not abbreviated) for Canadian cities. Do not give a state if the publisher's name includes it (as in many university presses, for example). For an illustrated citation of a print book, see page 114.

■ **15. Basic format for a book**

McKenzie, F. R. (2008). *Theory and practice with adolescents: An applied approach*. Chicago, IL: Lyceum Books.

■ **16. Book with an editor** Use the abbreviation “Ed.” for one editor; use “Eds.” for more than one.

Aronson, J., & Aronson, E. (Eds.). (2008). *Readings about the social animal* (10th ed.). New York, NY: Worth.

■ **17. Book with an author and an editor** Use the abbreviation “Ed.” for one editor; use “Eds.” for more than one.

McLuhan, M. (2003). *Understanding me: Lectures and interviews* (S. McLuhan & D. Staine, Eds.). Toronto, Ontario, Canada: McClelland & Stewart.

■ **18. Book with an author and a translator** Use “Trans.” for one or more translators.

Steinberg, M. D. (2003). *Voices of revolution, 1917* (M. Schwartz, Trans.). New Haven, CT: Yale University Press. (Original work published 2001)

■ **19. Edition other than the first** See also item 20 for a multivolume work in an edition other than the first.

O’Brien, J. A. (Ed.). (2006). *The production of reality: Essays and readings on social interaction* (4th ed.). Thousand Oaks, CA: Pine Forge Press.

■ **20. Article or chapter in an edited book or an anthology** Use the abbreviation “Ed.” for one editor; use “Eds.” for more than one.

Denton, N. A. (2006). Segregation and discrimination in housing. In R. G. Bratt, M. E. Stone, & C. Hartman (Eds.), *A right to housing: Foundation of a new social agenda* (pp. 61-81). Philadelphia, PA: Temple University Press.

If the article or chapter is in one volume of a multivolume work, and if the work is in an edition other than the first, cite the source as follows.

Lieberman, M. D. (2010). Social cognitive neuroscience. In S. T. Fiske, D. R. Gilbert, & G. Lindzey (Eds.), *Handbook of social psychology* (Vol. 1, 5th ed., pp. 143-193). Hoboken, NJ: Wiley.

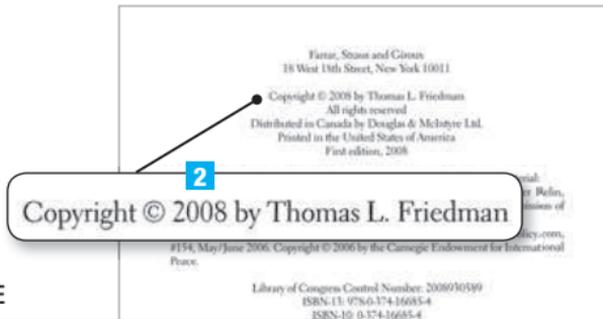
Citation at a glance

Book (APA)

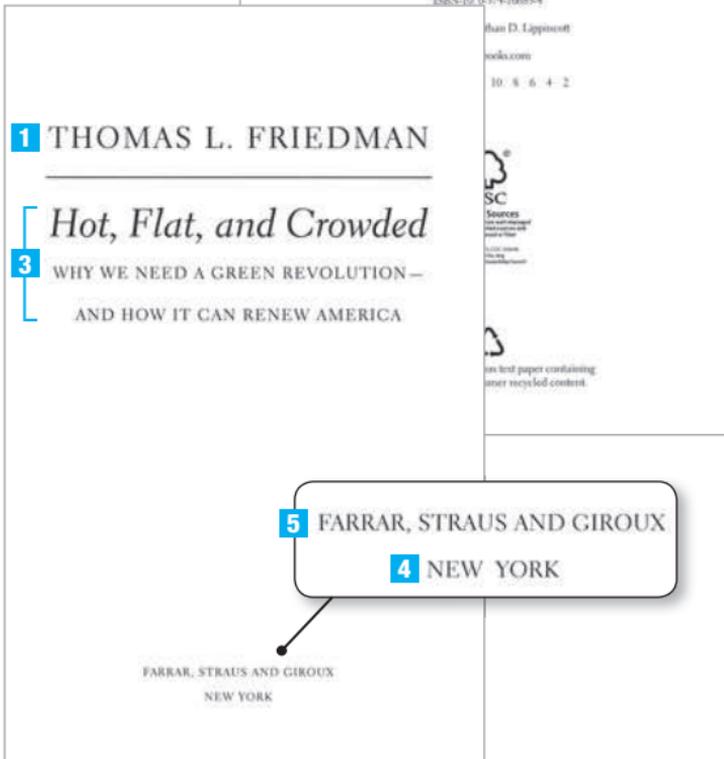
To cite a print book in APA style, include the following elements:

- 1 Author
- 2 Year of publication
- 3 Title and subtitle
- 4 Place of publication
- 5 Publisher

COPYRIGHT PAGE



TITLE PAGE



REFERENCE LIST ENTRY FOR A PRINT BOOK

Friedman, T. L. (2008). *Hot, flat, and crowded: Why we need a green revolution—And how it can renew America*. New York, NY: Farrar, Straus and Giroux.

For more on citing print books in APA style, see pages 112–13 and 115.

21. Multivolume work

Luo, J. (Ed.). (2005). *China today: An encyclopedia of life in the People's Republic* (Vols. 1-2). Westport, CT: Greenwood Press.

See also item 20 for a multivolume work in an edition other than the first.

22. Book with a title in its title If the book title contains another book title or an article title, neither italicize the internal title nor place it in quotation marks.

Marcus, L. (Ed.). (1999). *Sigmund Freud's The interpretation of dreams: New interdisciplinary essays*. Manchester, England: Manchester University Press.

14d Online sources

Online articles and books sometimes include a DOI (digital object identifier). APA uses the DOI, when available, in place of a URL and other retrieval information at the end of reference list entries.

If a source has no publication date, use "n.d." (for "no date"). Use a retrieval date for an online source only if the content is likely to change. Most of the examples in this section do not show a retrieval date because the content of the sources is stable; if you are unsure about whether to use a retrieval date, consult your instructor.

23. Article in an online journal

author: last name + initial(s) year article title
Whitmeyer, J. M. (2000). Power through appointment.
journal title volume page(s) DOI
Social Science Research, 29, 535-555. doi:10.1006
/ssre.2000.0680

If there is no DOI, include the URL for the journal's home page.

Ashe, D. D., & McCutcheon, L. E. (2001). Shyness, loneliness, and attitude toward celebrities. *Current Research in Social Psychology*, 6, 124-133. Retrieved from <http://www.uiowa.edu/~grpproc/crisp/crisp.html>

- **24. Article in an online magazine** Include the URL for the magazine's home page.

Shelburne, E. C. (2008, September). The great disruption. *The Atlantic*, 302(2). Retrieved from <http://www.theatlantic.com/>

Rupley, S. (2010, February 26). The myth of the benign monopoly. *Salon*. Retrieved from <http://www.salon.com/>

- **25. Article in an online newspaper** Include the URL for the newspaper's home page.

Watson, P. (2008, October 19). Biofuel boom endangers orangutan habitat. *Los Angeles Times*. Retrieved from <http://www.latimes.com/>

- **26. Article from a database** If the database gives a DOI for the article, use the DOI at the end of the citation. For an illustrated citation of an article from a database, see pages 118–19.

all authors:
last name + initial(s) year article title
 Eskritt, M., & McLeod, K. (2008). Children's note taking as a
journal title volume
 mnemonic tool. *Journal of Experimental Child Psychology*, 101,
page(s) DOI
 52-74. doi:10.1016/j.jecp.2008.05.007

If there is no DOI, include the URL for the home page of the journal (which you may find in the database listing or by searching on the Web). If the source cannot be easily found with a URL for the publication, you may use the URL for the home page of the database.

Howard, K. R. (2007). Childhood overweight: Parental perceptions and readiness for change. *The Journal of School Nursing*, 23, 73-79. Retrieved from <http://jsn.sagepub.com/>

- **27. Online book or e-book**

Adams, B. (2004). *The theory of social revolutions*. Retrieved from http://www.gutenberg.org/catalog/world/readfile?fk_files=44092 (Original work published 1913)

Davidson, P. (2009). *The Keynes solution: The path to global economic prosperity* [Nook version]. Retrieved from <http://www.barnesandnoble.com/>

■ 28. Chapter in an online book or e-book

Clinton, S. J. (1999). What can be done to prevent childhood obesity? In *Understanding childhood obesity* (pp. 81-98). Retrieved from <http://www.questia.com/>

Berlinski, M. (2011). Port-au-Prince: The moment. In E. Danticat (Ed.), *The Best American Essays 2011* [Nook version] (pp. 22-30). Retrieved from <http://www.barnesandnoble.com/>

■ 29. Report or long document from a Web site

Source with date

all authors:
last name + initial(s) online
publication date document title

Cain, A., & Burris, M. (1999, April). *Investigation of the use of*
mobile phones while driving. Retrieved from http://www.cutr.usf.edu/pdf/mobile_phone.PDF

URL

Source with no date

Archer, D. (n.d.). *Exploring nonverbal communication*. Retrieved from <http://nonverbal.ucsc.edu>

■ 30. Section in a Web document

author (state agency) date

Oregon Department of Administrative Services. (2010, August).
title of section title of Web document

Social media categories and uses. In *Social networking media*.
URL of document (or of section)

Retrieved from http://www.oregon.gov/DAS/EISPD/EGOV/BOARD/docs/social_networking_guide_v2.pdf

For an illustrated citation, see pages 120–21.

■ 31. Short work from a Web site

NATO statement endangers patients in Afghanistan. (2010, March 11). *Médecins sans frontières/Doctors without borders*. Retrieved from <http://www.doctorswithoutborders.org/>

Smith, J. (n.d.). U.S. partners with Ethiopian ministry of health on Global Health Initiative. *U.S. Global Health Initiative*. Retrieved from <http://www.ghi.gov/newsroom/stories/ethiopia/166564.htm>

Citation at a glance

Article from a database (APA)

To cite an article from a database in APA style, include the following elements:

- 1 Author(s)
- 2 Date of publication
- 3 Title of article
- 4 Name of periodical
- 5 Volume number; issue number, if required (see p. 110)
- 6 Page number(s)
- 7 DOI (digital object identifier)
- 8 URL for journal's home page (if there is no DOI) or URL for database home page (if there is neither DOI nor journal URL)

ON-SCREEN VIEW OF DATABASE RECORD

The screenshot shows the EBSCO database interface. At the top, there are navigation tabs: "New Search", "Publications", "Company Profiles", "Thesaurus", and "More". Below these is a search bar with the text "Searching: Business Source Premier" and a "Choose Databases" link. The search criteria include "AN 27711104" and several "and" operators with dropdown menus for field selection. A "Search" button and a "Clear" button are visible. Below the search bar, there are links for "Basic Search", "Advanced Search", "Visual Search", "Search History/Alerts", and "Preferences".

The main content area shows a "Citation" tab and a "Cited References (38)" link. Below this, there is a "Times Cited in this Database (3)" link. The citation details are as follows:

- Title:** 3 International Human Rights and Consumer Quality of Life: An Ethical Perspective.
- Authors:** Hill, Ronald Paul¹, Felice, William E.², Ainscough, Thomas³. Callout 1 points to the author list.
- Source:** 4 Journal of Macromarketing; Dec2007, Vol. 27 Issue 4, p370-379, 10p, 2 charts. Callout 2 points to the journal title, callout 5 points to the volume and issue information, and callout 6 points to the page numbers.
- Document Type:** Article
- Subject Terms:** *PRIMARY commodities, *MACROMARKETING

END OF DATABASE RECORD

ISSN:	0276-1467
DOI:	10.1177/027614670307128 7

Citation at a glance

Section in a Web document (APA)

To cite a section in a Web document in APA style, include the following elements:

- | | |
|---|---------------------------------|
| 1 Author | 4 Title of document |
| 2 Date of publication or most recent update | 5 URL of section or of document |
| 3 Title of section | |

BROWSER PRINTOUT OF WEB SITE

2008 Minnesota Health Statistics Annual Summary – Minnesota Dept. of Health

1 *Minnesota Department of Health*
Protecting, maintaining and improving the health of all Minnesotans



4 2008 Minnesota Health Statistics Annual Summary

The Minnesota "Annual Summary" or "Minnesota Health Statistics" is a report published yearly. The most recent version of this report is **2008 Minnesota Health Statistics**, published January 2010. This report provides statistical data on the following subjects for the state of Minnesota.



To view the PDF files, you will need [Adobe Acrobat Reader](#) (see [this site](#)).

2 published January 2010.

- [Introduction, Technical Notes, Definitions \(PDF: 42KB/7 pages\)](#)
- [Overview of 2008 Annual Summary \(PDF: 66KB/11 pages\)](#)
- [Live Births \(PDF: 196KB/21 pages\)](#)
- [Fertility \(PDF: 26KB/2 pages\)](#) **3**
- [Infant Mortality and Fetal Deaths \(PDF: 188KB/15 pages\)](#)
- [General Mortality \(PDF: 333KB/40 pages\)](#)
- [Marriage/Dissolution of Marriage Divorce \(PDF: 25KB/2 pages\)](#)
- [Population \(PDF: 73KB/12 pages\)](#)

Note: Induced abortion statistics previously reported in this publication are now published separately.

See [Report to the Legislature: Induced Abortions in Minnesota](#)

See also [Minnesota Health Statistics Annual Summary Main Page](#)

For further information about the Annual Summary, please contact:

**Center for Health Statistics
Minnesota Department of Health
Golden Rule Building, 3rd Floor
85 East Seventh Place**

<http://www.health.state.mn.us/divs/chs/annsum/08annsum/index.html>

Page 1 of 2



ON-SCREEN VIEW OF DOCUMENT

Year	Total Reported Pregnancies*	Live Births	Induced Abortions	Fetal Deaths	Female Population Ages 15-44	Pregnancy Rate**
1980	84,782	67,843	16,490	449	958,773	88.4
1981	84,934	68,652	15,821	461	967,087	87.8
1982	84,500	68,512	15,559	429	977,905	86.4
1983	80,530	65,559	14,514	457	981,287	82.1
1984	82,736	66,715	15,556	465	985,608	83.9
1985	83,853	67,412	16,002	439	994,249	84.3
1986	81,882	65,766	15,716	400	997,501	82.1
1987	81,318	65,168	15,746	404	1,004,801	80.9
1988	83,335	66,745	16,124	466	1,020,209	81.7
1989	83,426	67,490	15,506	430	1,024,576	81.4
1990	83,714	67,985	15,280	449	1,025,919	81.6
1991	81,904	67,037	14,441	426	1,036,146	79.0
1992	79,844	65,591	13,846	407	1,049,175	76.1
1993	77,939	64,646	12,955	338	1,060,396	73.5
1994	76,344	64,377	13,203	366	1,073,640	71.0

REFERENCE LIST ENTRY FOR A SECTION IN A WEB DOCUMENT

Minnesota Department of Health. (2010, January). Fertility. In *2008 Minnesota health statistics annual summary*. Retrieved from <http://www.health.state.mn.us/divs/chs/annsum/08annsum/Fertility08.pdf>

For more on citing documents from Web sites in APA style, see page 117.

Zakaria, F. (Host), & McCullough, C. (Writer). (2007, March 6). In focus: American teens, Rwandan truths [Video file]. Retrieved from <http://www.pulitzercenter.org/showproject.cfm?id=26>

■ **35. Entry in a wiki** Include the date of retrieval; wiki content can change frequently. If an author or an editor is identified, include that name at the beginning of the entry.

Ethnomethodology. (n.d.). Retrieved June 18, 2010, from <http://stswiki.org/index.php?title/Ethnomethodology>

36. Data set or graphic representation

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service. (2009). *Eating and health module (ATUS): 2007 data* [Data set]. Retrieved from <http://www.ers.usda.gov/Data/ATUS/Data/2007/2007data.htm>

Gallup. (2008, October 23). *No increase in proportion of first-time voters* [Graphs]. Retrieved from <http://www.gallup.com/poll/111331/No-Increase-Proportion-First-Time-Voters.aspx>

37. E-mail E-mail messages, letters, and other personal communications are not included in the list of references. (See item 12 on pp. 104–05 for citing these sources in the text of your paper.)

38. Online posting

McKinney, J. (2006, December 19). Adult education-healthcare partnerships [Electronic mailing list message]. Retrieved from <http://www.nifl.gov/pipermail/healthliteracy/2006/000524.html>

14e Other sources (including online versions)**39. Dissertation from a database**

Hymel, K. M. (2009). *Essays in urban economics* (Doctoral dissertation). Available from ProQuest Dissertations and Theses database. (AAT 3355930)

40. Government document

U.S. Census Bureau. (2006). *Statistical abstract of the United States*. Washington, DC: Government Printing Office.

U.S. Census Bureau, Bureau of Economic Analysis. (2008, August). *U.S. international trade in goods and services* (Report No. CB08-121, BEA08-37, FT-900). Retrieved from <http://www.census.gov/foreign-trade/Press-Release/2008pr/06/ftdpress.pdf>

41. Report from a private organization If the report has a number, put it in parentheses following the title. (See also item 4 on p. 109.)

Ford Foundation. (n.d.). *Helping citizens to understand and influence state budgets*. Retrieved from http://www.fordfound.org/pdfs/impact/evaluations/state_fiscal_initiative.pdf

■ 42. Conference proceedings

Stahl, G. (Ed.). (2002). *Proceedings of CSCL '02: Computer support for collaborative learning*. Hillsdale, NJ: Erlbaum.

■ 43. Map, chart, or illustration

Ukraine [Map]. (2008). Retrieved from the University of Texas at Austin Perry-Castañeda Library Map Collection website: http://www.lib.utexas.edu/maps/cia08/ukraine_sm_2008.gif

■ 44. Advertisement

Xbox 360 [Advertisement]. (2007, February). *Wired*, 15(2), 71.

■ 45. Lecture, speech, or address

Fox, V. (2008, March 5). *Economic growth, poverty, and democracy in Latin America: A president's perspective*. Address at the Freeman Spogli Institute, Stanford University, Stanford, CA.

■ 46. Brochure, pamphlet, or fact sheet

National Council of State Boards of Nursing. (n.d.). *Professional boundaries* [Brochure]. Retrieved from https://www.ncsbn.org/Professional_Boundaries_2007_Web.pdf

World Health Organization. (2007, October). *Health of indigenous peoples* (No. 326) [Fact sheet]. Retrieved from <http://www.who.int/mediacentre/factsheets/fs326/en/index.html>

■ 47. Film or video (motion picture)

Guggenheim, D. (Director), & Bender, L. (Producer). (2006). *An inconvenient truth* [DVD]. United States: Paramount Home Entertainment.

Spurlock, M. (Director). (2004). *Super size me* [Motion picture]. Available from IDP Films, 1133 Broadway, Suite 926, New York, NY 10010

■ 48. Television program

Pratt, C. (Executive producer). (2008, October 5). *Face the nation* [Television broadcast]. Washington, DC: CBS News.

Smith, M. (Writer/producer). (2008). Heat [Television series episode]. In D. Fanning (Executive producer), *Frontline*. Boston, MA: WGBH.

■ 49. Computer software or video game

Sims 2 [Computer software]. (2005). New York, NY: Maxis.

15 APA footnotes

15a Footnotes in the text

Occasionally, you may use footnotes to provide additional material that is important but that might interrupt the flow of the paper. Notes should be brief and focused. Use notes sparingly; if the material will take more than a few sentences, you should consider integrating the information in the text or placing it in an appendix (see 10j).

In the text of your paper, use a superscript arabic numeral to indicate a note. At the bottom of the page, place the same superscript numeral and the text of the note. Number the notes consecutively throughout the paper. (See also “Footnotes” in 11a for more details.)

TEXT

Now more than nine million children are classified as obese.¹

FOOTNOTE

¹Obesity is measured in terms of body-mass index (BMI): weight in kilograms divided by square of height in meters. An adolescent with a BMI in the 95th percentile for his or her age and gender is considered obese.

15b Footnotes in tables and figures

Footnotes in tables A footnote at the bottom of a table can provide an explanation of terms used in the table, such as abbreviations and symbols. If your table contains data from an outside source or if you have taken or adapted the table from a source, give the source information directly following any explanation of terms.

If you need to explain specific information within the table, use lettered footnotes within the table and corresponding letters in the notes following the source information. (See also “Visuals” in 11a.)

TABLE FOOTNOTE

Note. The data on sibutramine are adapted from “Behavior Therapy and Sibutramine for the Treatment of Adolescent Obesity,” by R. I. Berkowitz, T. A. Wadden, A. M. Tershakovec, & J. L. Cronquist, 2003, *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 289, pp. 1807-1809. The data on orlistat are adapted from *Xenical (Orlistat)*

Capsules: Complete Product Information, by Roche Laboratories, December 2003, retrieved from <http://www.rocheusa.com/products/xenical/pi.pdf>

^aThe medication and/or placebo were combined with behavioral therapy in all groups over all time periods.

Footnotes in figures Each figure should have a number and a caption, a brief explanation of the content of the figure, at the bottom of the figure. If you have taken or adapted the figure from an outside source, give the source information immediately following the caption. (See also “Visuals” in 11a.)

FIGURE FOOTNOTE

Figure 1. As countries engage in a currency war, the exchange rates against the dollar can fluctuate widely. Adapted from “Currencies Against the Dollar,” September 30, 2011, *The Economist*, retrieved from <http://www.economist.com/blogs/dailychart/2011/09/emerging-market-currencies>